ISHI Workshop on New Loci and Kits

October 2, 2014 (Phoenix, Az) New Autosomal and Y-STR Loci and Kits: Making Data Driven Decisions

Experience with PowerPlex Fusion

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PowerPlex Fusion

- Interest in looking at extended STR Loci panels
- At time decision was made to look at Fusion, we were using 3130 and 3130xl analyzers
 - Have since purchased 3500s
- Offender database of 300,000+ include Penta loci

INTERNAL VALIDATION

- Casework Section
- Studies completed include:
 - Precision
 - Sensitivity
 - Baseline noise evaluation
 - Contamination Assessment
 - Mock Casework
 - Mixtures
 - Concordance
 - NIST SRM

Validation at One Laboratory (Completed) Performance Verification Studies at Two Casework Laboratories (Completed) Training, Competency Testing and Planned Implementation System-wide (ongoing).

Internal Validation Precision

Ladders were run multiple times over a few days. All capillaries were tested.

A table in GMID was created and exported as a tabdelimited file for import into Microsoft Excel

The average bp size and standard deviation were calculated for each allele of each locus

Internal Validation Precision

In general:

Smaller loci are averaging differences approximately 0.03 to 0.05bp

Larger loci (FGA, PentaE, PentaD) are averaging 0.08-0.09bp

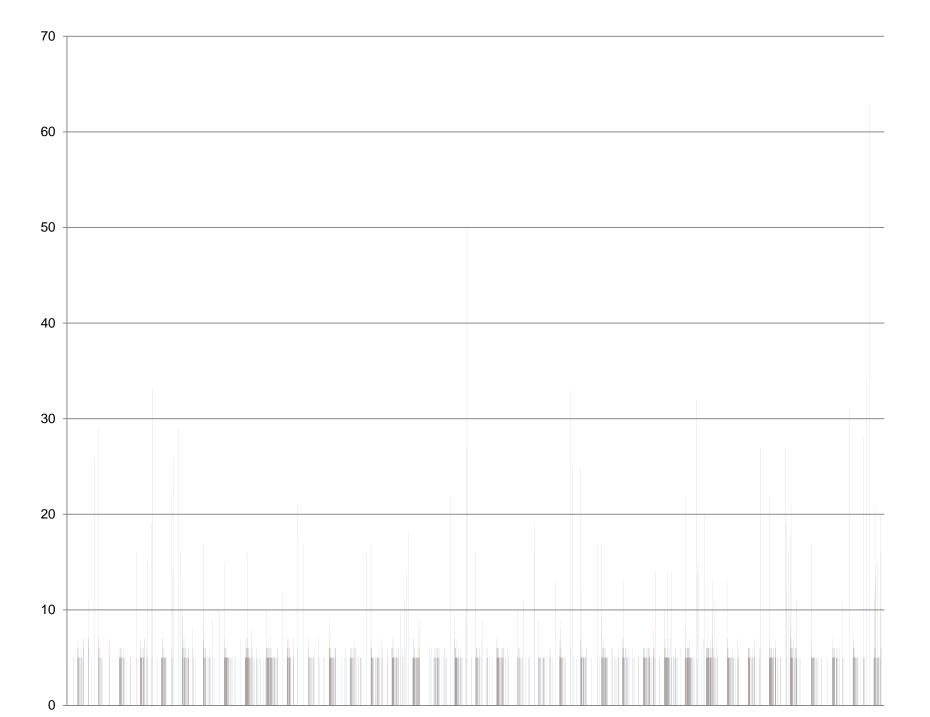
3x Standard Deviation

Well below 0.5bp window

Contamination Assessment and **Baseline Noise Evaluation**

40 Reagent Blanks were amplified

- Stain Extraction Blanks
- Maxwell Extraction Blanks
- Epithelial Extraction Blanks Sperm Fraction Blanks
- Run on 3130
- Analyzed at 5 rfu
- GMID table created and exported to Excel
- Average Peak height was 5.8rfu +/- 3.2 rfu
- A few peaks were labeled > 25 rfu
- DNA TL option...AT 75 RFUs



Internal Validation Sensitivity

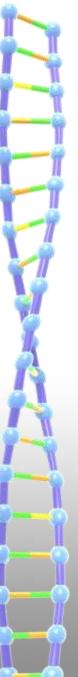
3 samples of extracted DNA were used (Many heterozygous loci)

Samples were quantified using Plexor HY

Serial dilutions were made

Each dilution was quantified in triplicate

Replicates were amplified. (Range of >1ng to ~ 8 pg)



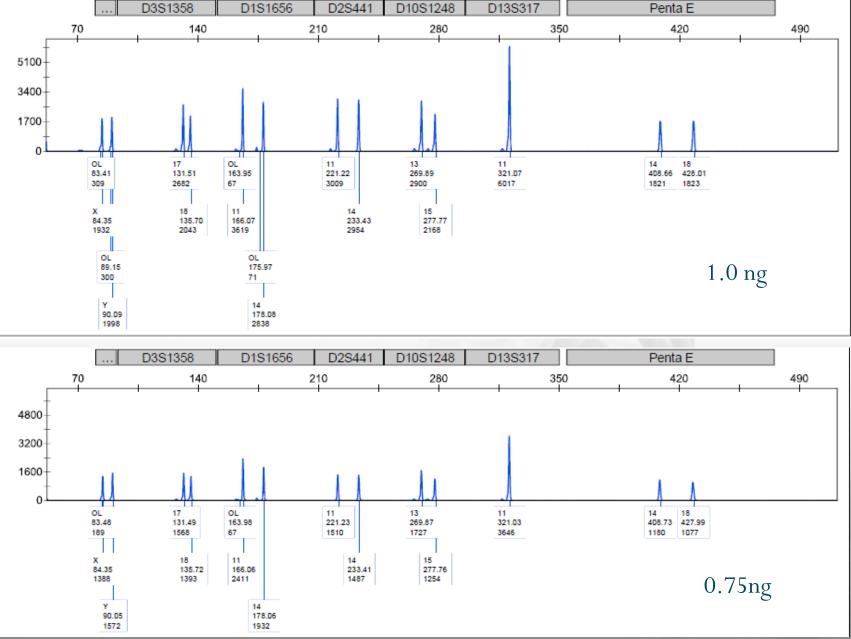
Internal Validation Sensitivity

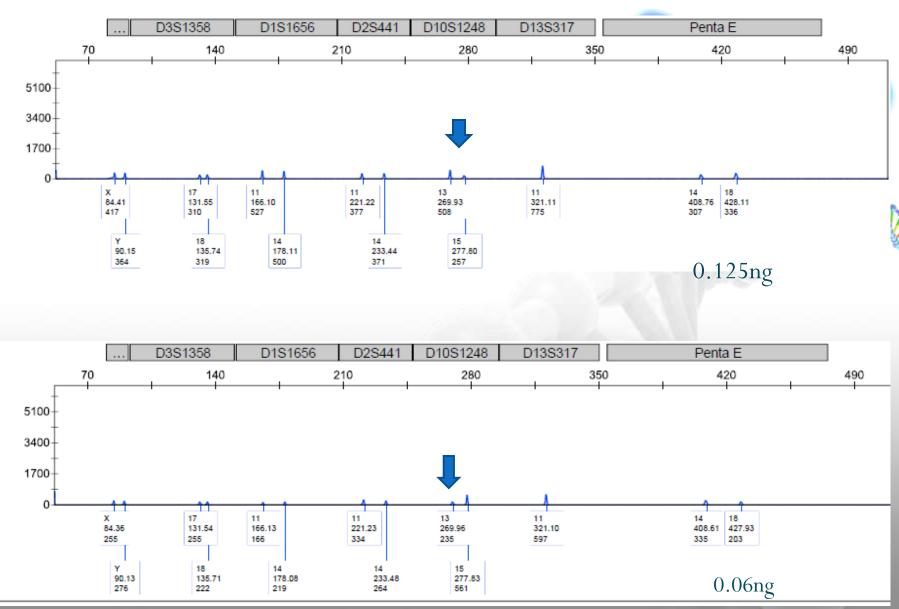
Samples less than 0.5 ng were amplified 12 times each

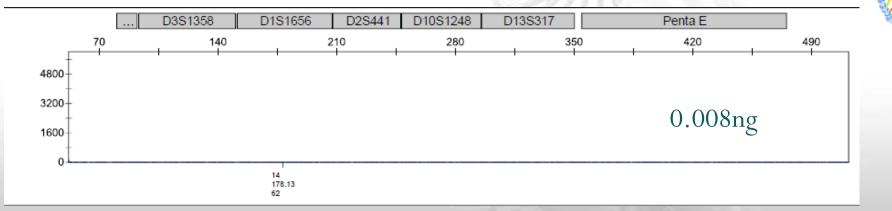
Data was reviewed for imbalance and dropout

Full profiles consistently down to 125pg

Increase in concentration = better PHR

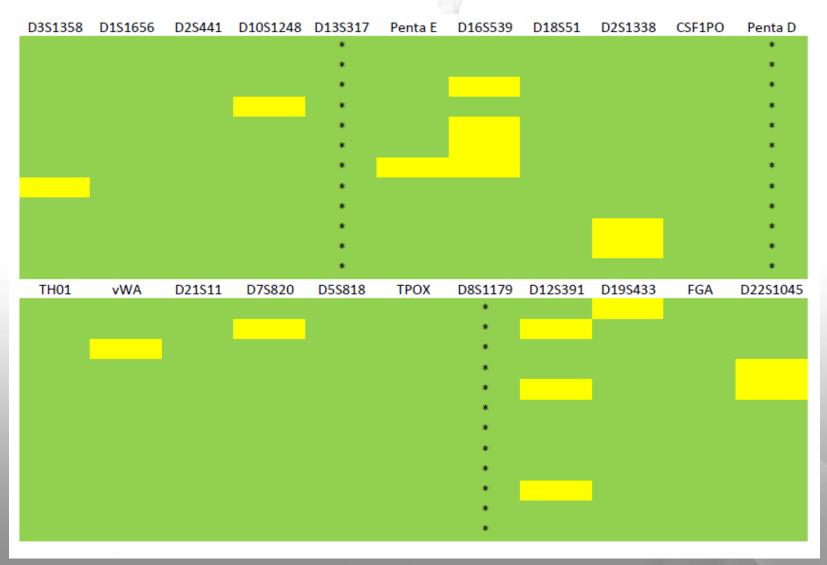


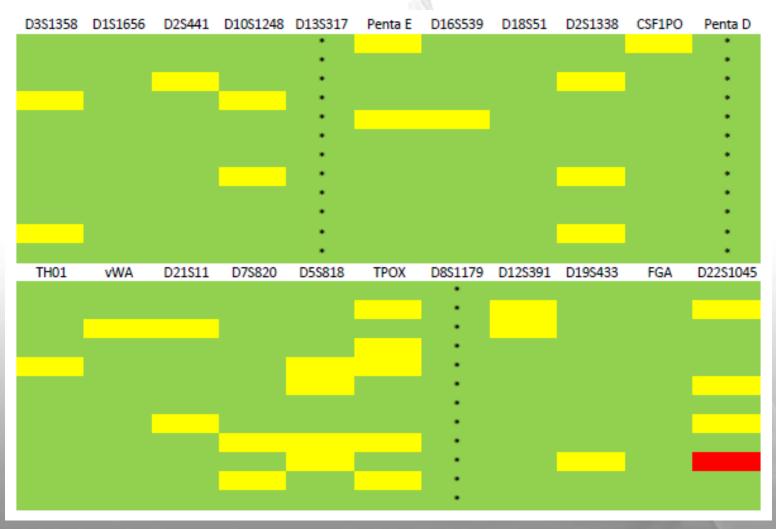


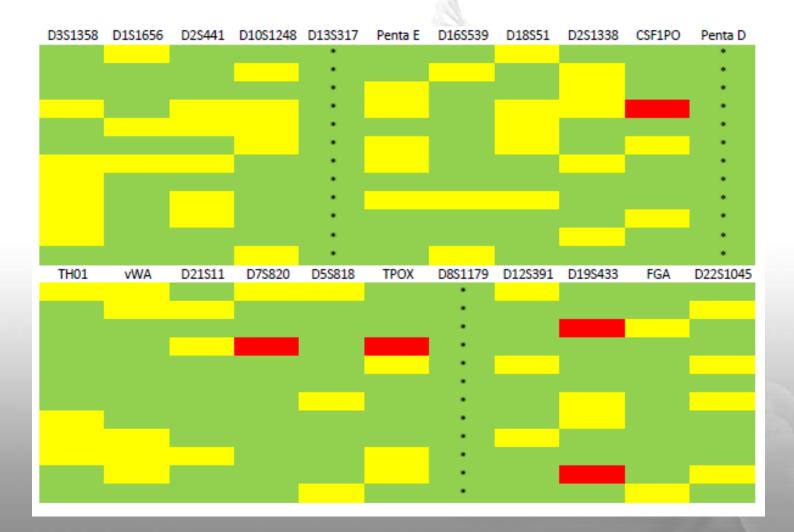


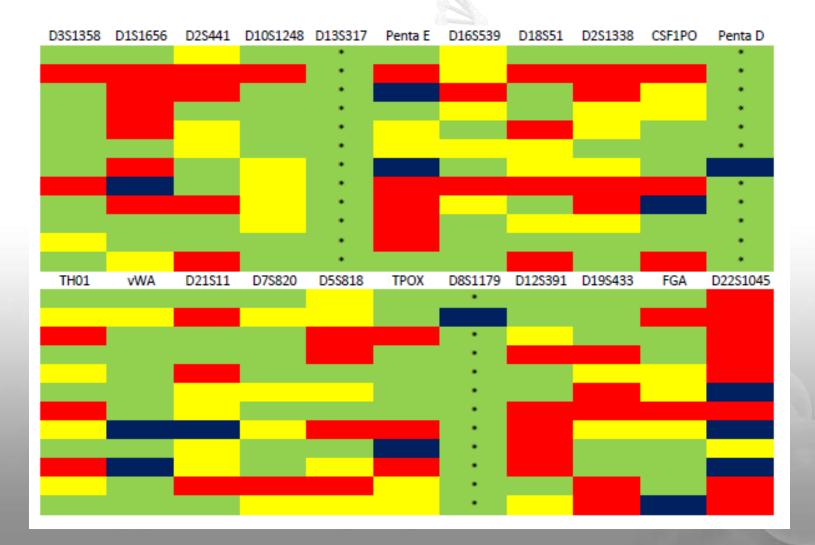


- Green...good
 - Heterozygous alleles above AT
 - Balanced within established PHR
- Yellow...not bad
 - Heterozygous alleles above AT
 - Balance under established PHR
- Red...partial data
 - One allele of heterozygous pair below AT...undetected
- Blue...total locus loss
 - No results at a particular locus











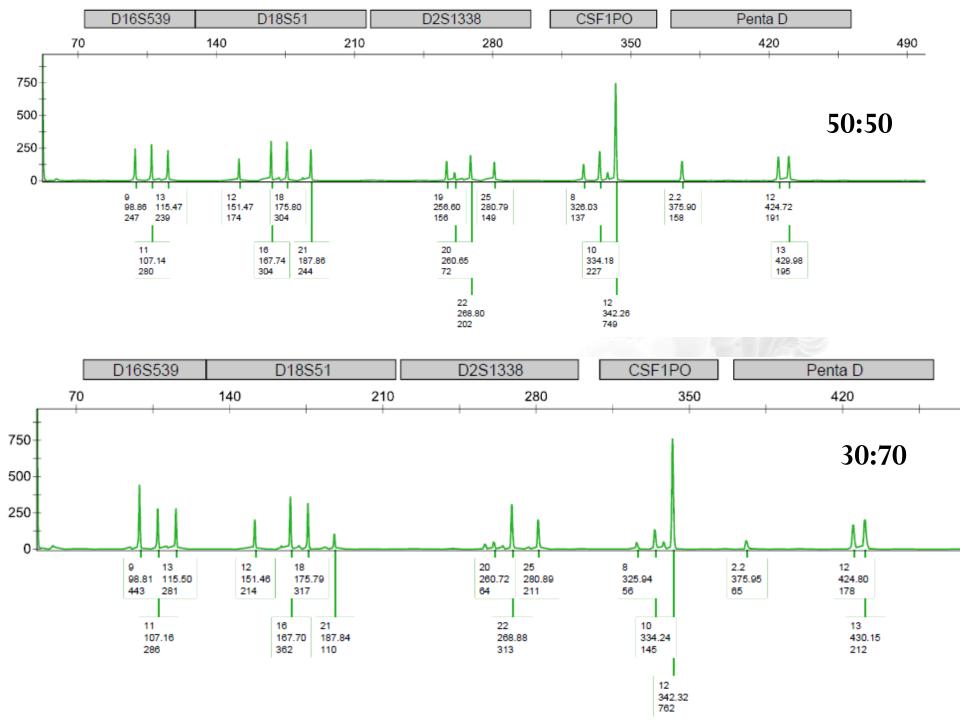
Mixtures

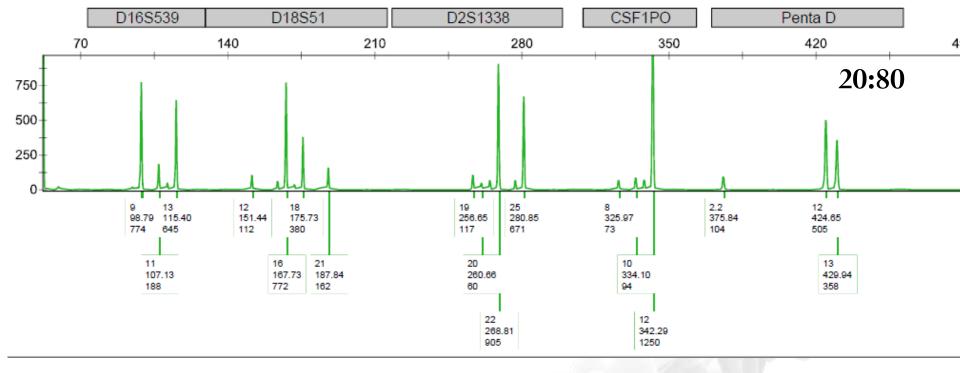
Mixtures prepared from extracted reference sample DNA

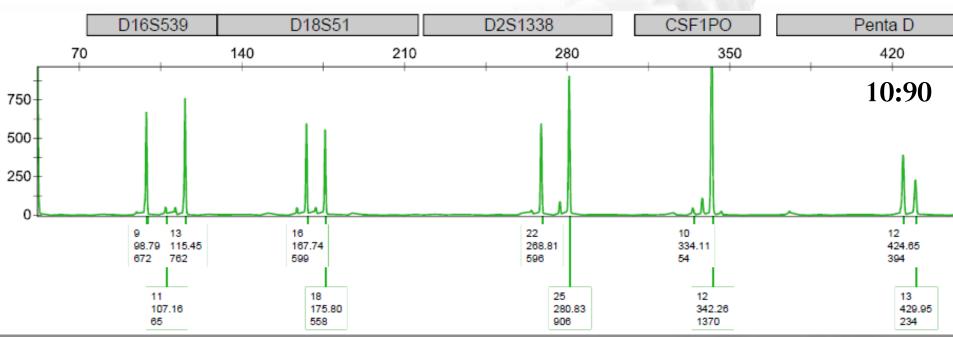
Ratios from 100:0 to 0:100 were prepared with an input template amount of 0.75ng

Amplified product was ran on a 3130 with a standard 5 second injection time

Minor donor detected at all mixture ratios







Internal Validation Casework

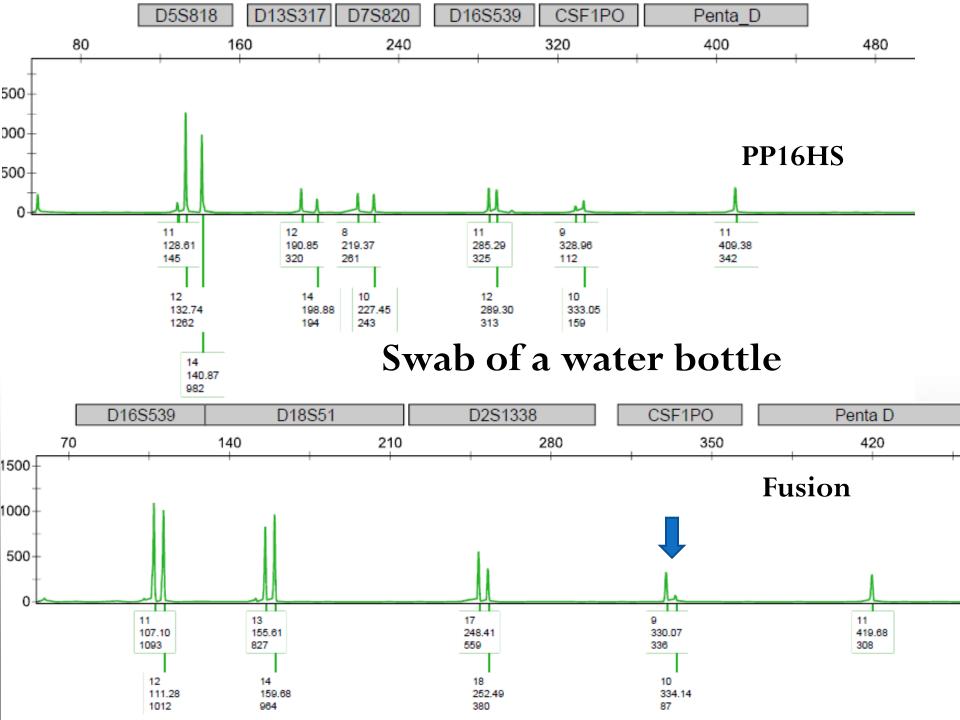
Fortunate to be able to use actual casework samples

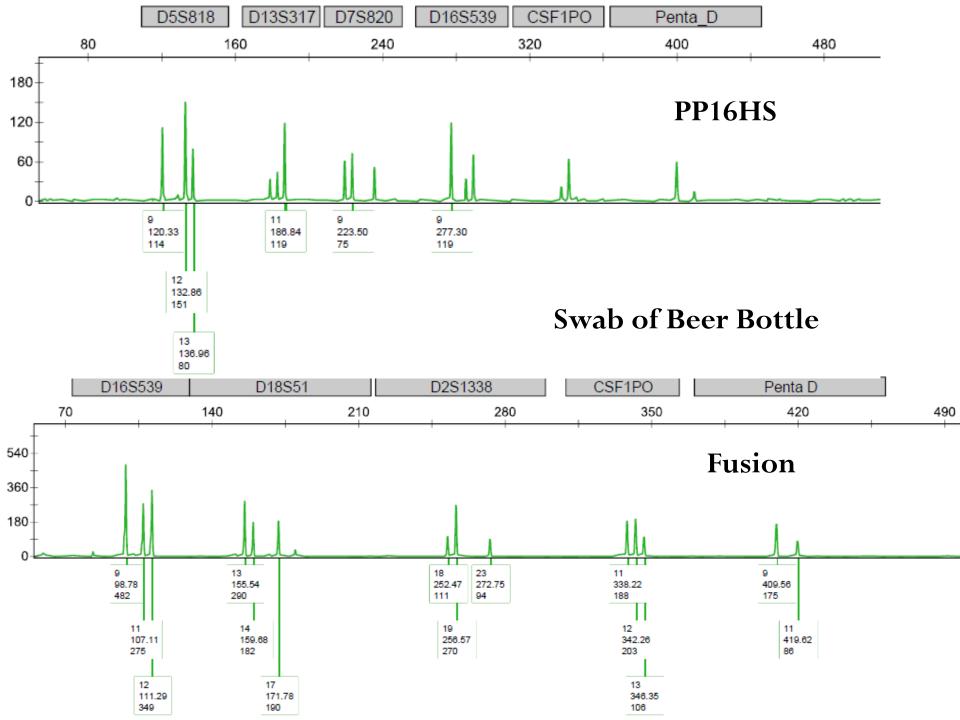
More than 40 cases have been analyzed with Fusiononly able to show a small portion here

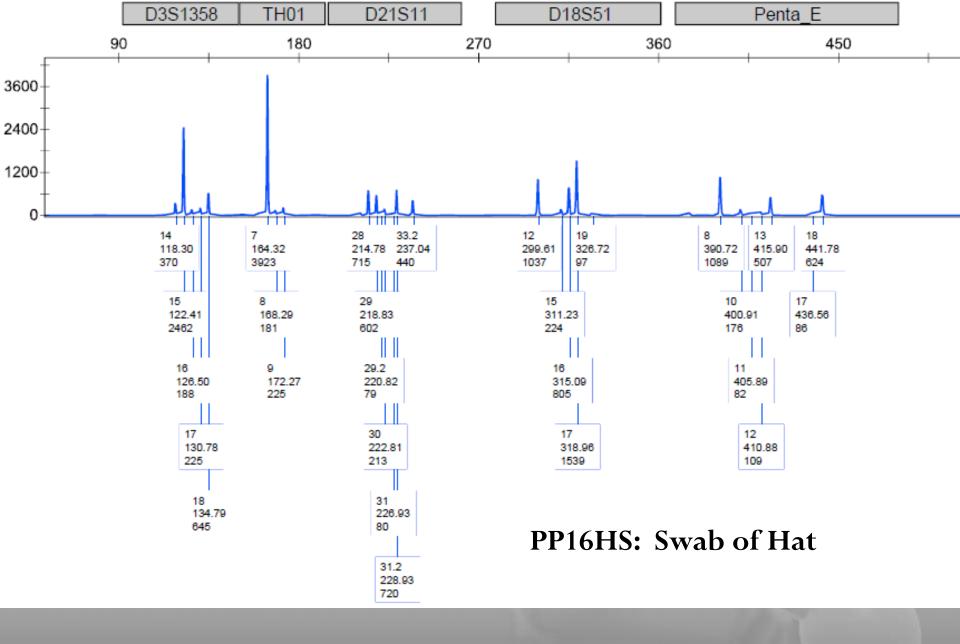
Concordant data overall

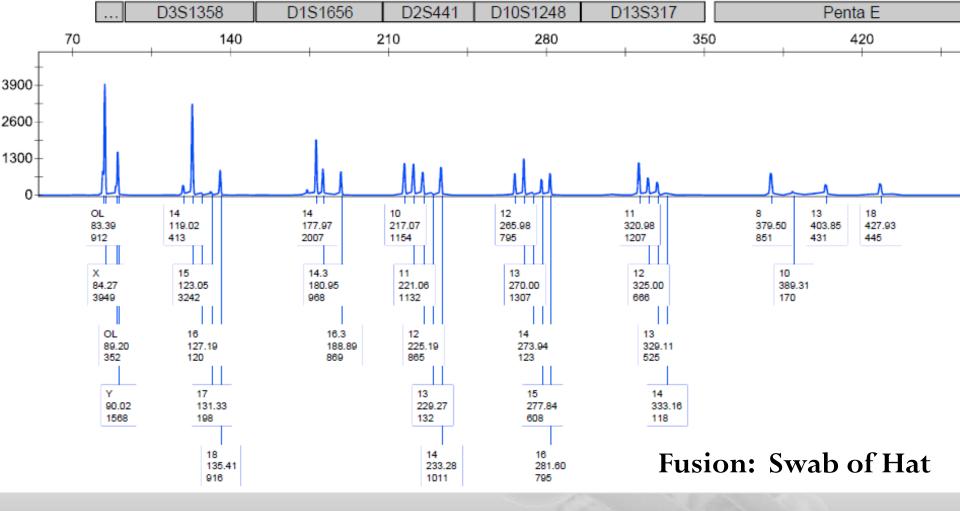
ValueValueValueLeft Hand Fingernail Scrapings0.0304swab of cords0.1730Right Hand Fingernail Scrapings0.1650swab of bottle0.5870swab of piece of glove0.0074swab of sweatshirt0.5490swab of piece of glove0.0702swab of mouth of water bottle3.2800swab of water bottle0.3330blood from camp fuel can0.7290swab of water bottle0.0118suspected flesh5.1500swab of Gatorade bottle0.0077blood from POE0.4110swab of Stanley tool0.0071blood from lottery slip0.1550swab of glove (under TV)0.5710blood from computer bag0.1840blood from broken window0.3430blood from broken window0.3430	
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Cigarette Butt 0.1210 blood from broken window 0.3430	
Cigarette Butt 0.0916 blood from floor 4.0500	
Leather Apron - Lower Left 0.3520 Quantification	
Leather Apron - Lower Left Corner 0.1330 Description Value Y Qu	ant
Leather Apron - Upper Center 0.0064 Vaginal / Cervical - EF 1.1200 0.007	′5
swab from inside stairs 1.1900 Anal / Rectal - EF 1.3400 0.02	50
cigarette 2.4200 Vaginal / Cervical - EF 1.1900 N/A	
blood from jewelry box 0.5510 Vaginal - EF 0.6990 0.094	10
blood from kitchen table 0.2680 Vaginal - EF 1.0900 N/A	
blood from glass 0.1160 Vaginal / Cervical - SF 2.3900 5.070	0
cigarette butt (8A) 0.5890 Anal / Rectal - SF 0.1570 0.349	
cigarette butt (CPeak-1) 4.4800 Vaginal / Cervical - SF 10.3000 0.008	
blood from air bag 0.1400 Vaginal - SF 9.3700 9.380	
blood on gift card sleeve 0.1150 Vaginal - SF 6.8100 0.034	0



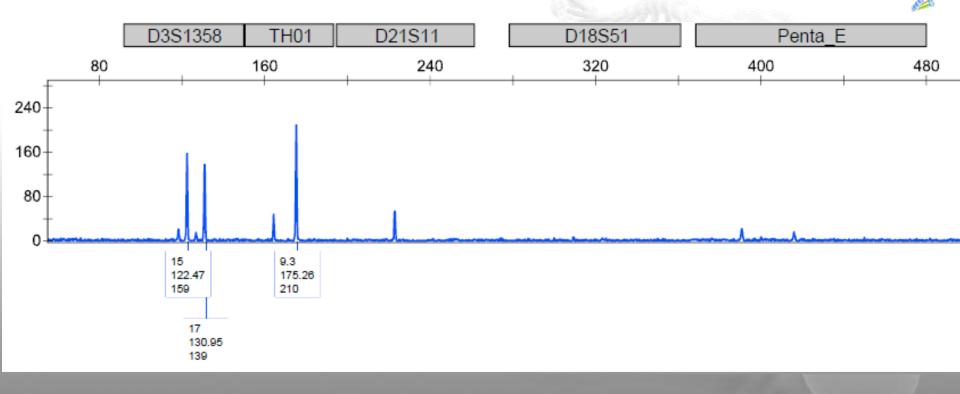




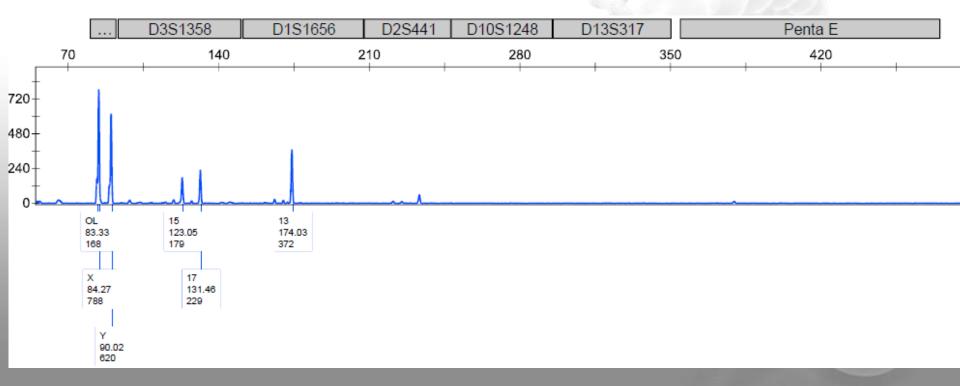




PP16HS: Fingernail Scrapings5 total markers with data above AT



Fusion: Fingernail Scrapings 10 total markers with data above AT



INTERNAL VALIDATION

NIST Standards Concordance

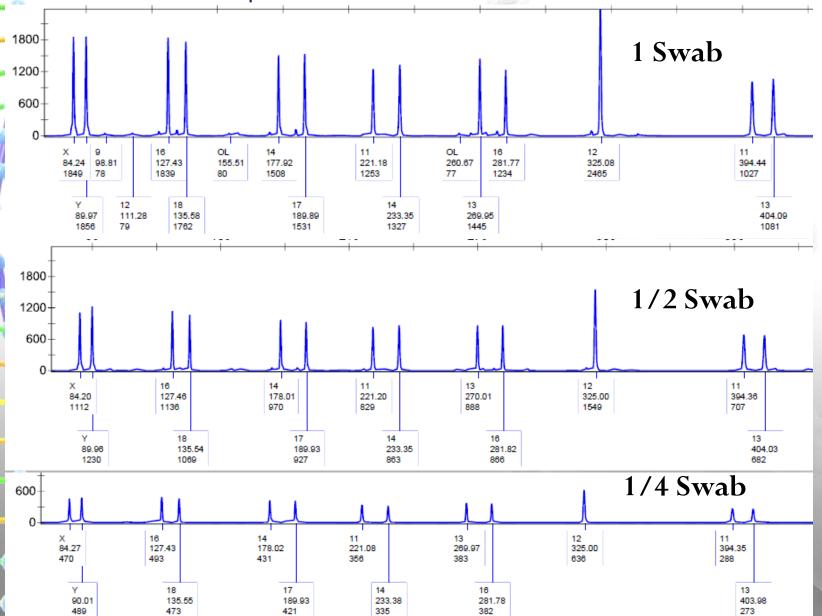
- NIST sample set 2931b was amplified with Fusion chemistry.
- All profiles obtained were concordant with the published profiles for the various components provided in the kit.

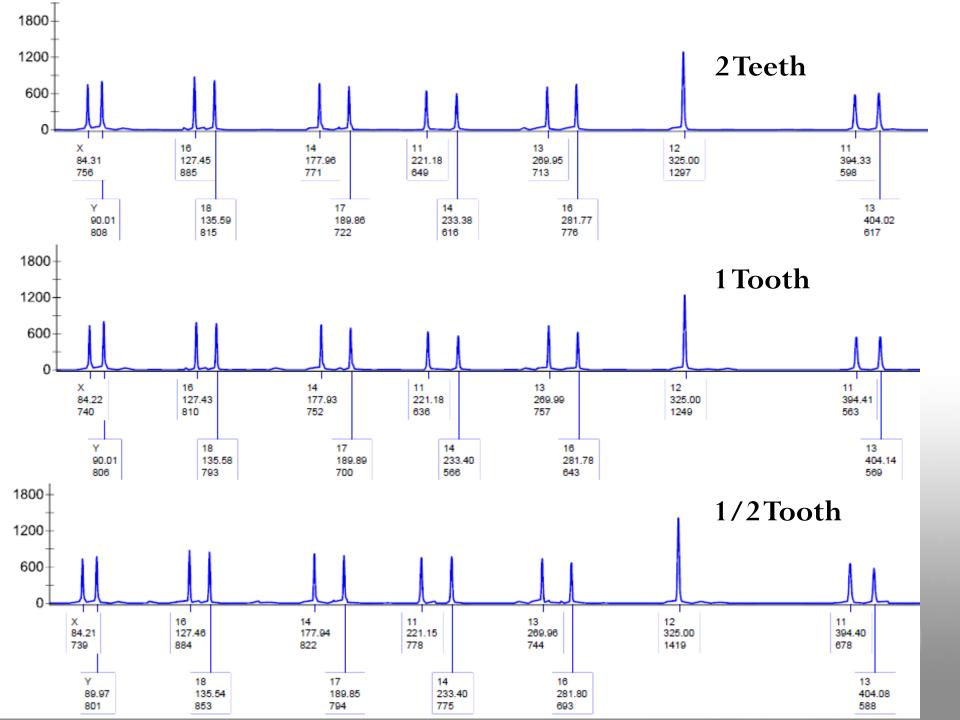
•INTERNAL VALIDATION Direct Amplification of Knowns

- Vary amount of swab
 - \circ Cotton Swab 1 swab, $\frac{1}{2}$ swab, $\frac{1}{4}$ swab
 - Omni Swab 2 teeth, 1 tooth, ½ tooth
- Cycle Number Optimization
 - 30 Cycles / 27 Cycles / 25 Cycles
- Procedure:
 - Add 1 mL of swab solution to swab amounts listed above.
 - Place samples in 70 C hot plate for 30 minutes.
 - Use 1 uL of solution for amp 1 and 2 uL solution for amp 2.
 - Amp samples at same cycle / extension as evidence cycle parameters. (30 cycles)
 - Additional Amps performed at 27, 26, and 25 Cycles

INTERNAL VALIDATION

Direct Amplification of Knowns



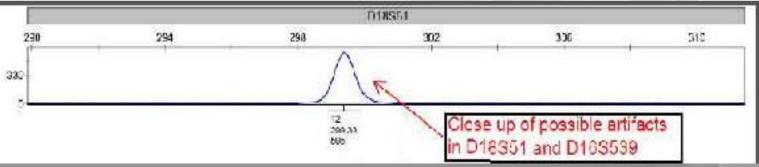


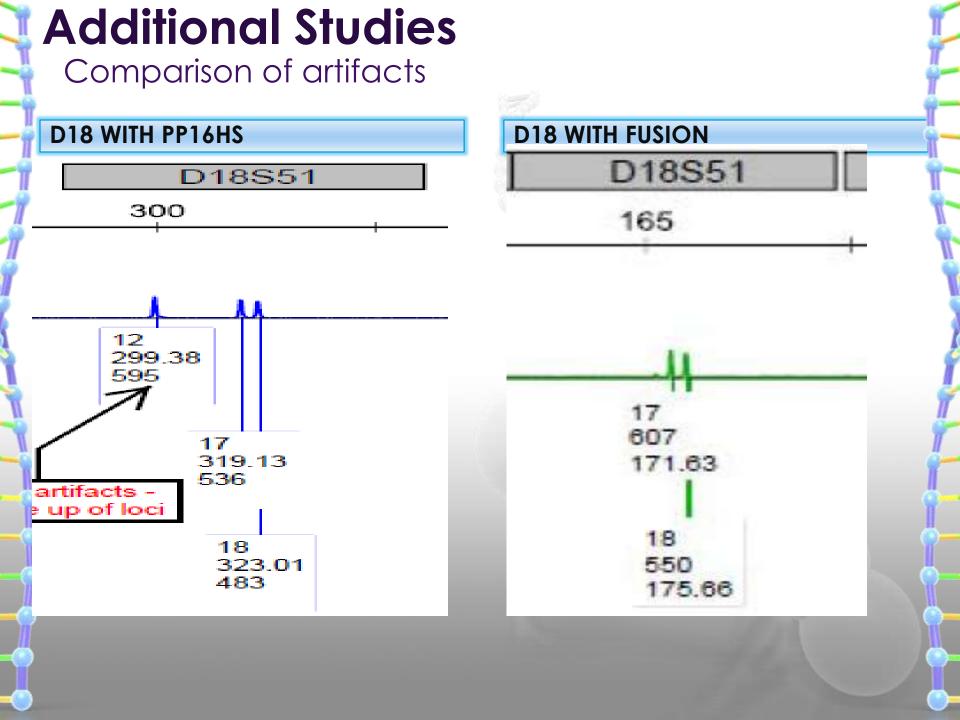
Artifact Assessments

Additional Studies

Comparison of artifacts

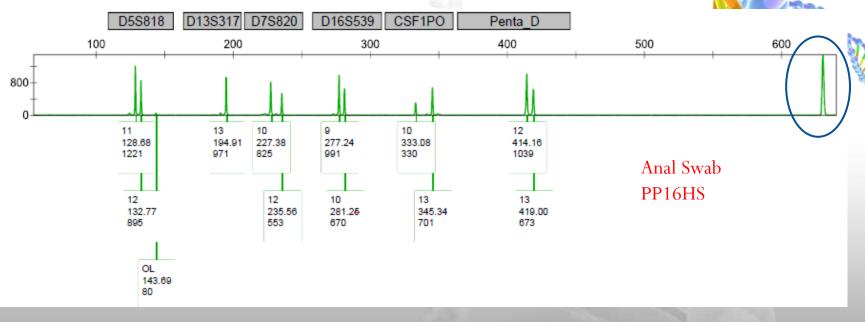






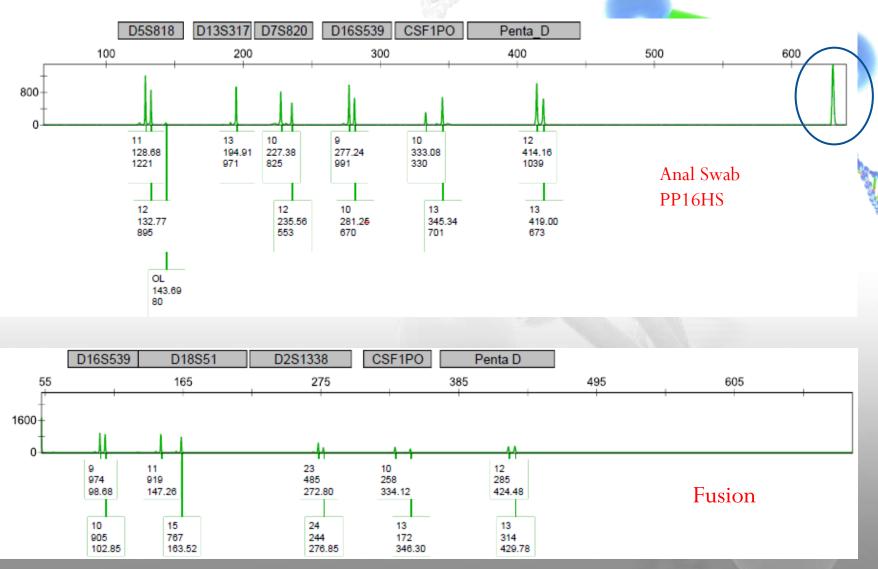
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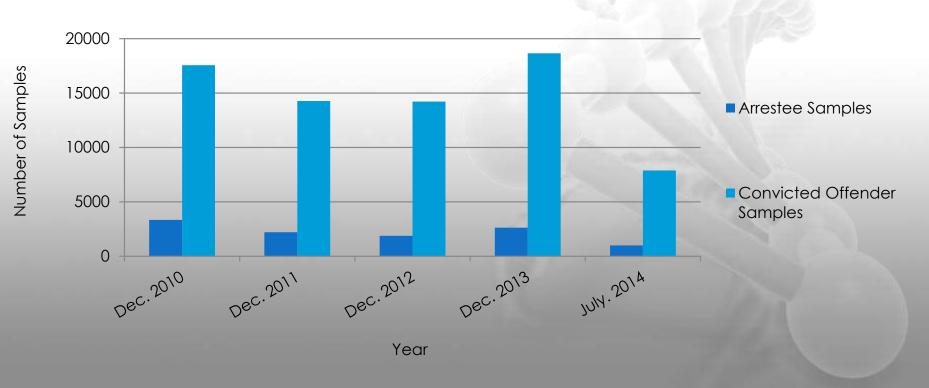


Database validation

- Recently completed
- Being reviewed this week

Background on the MSP CODIS Unit

• Upload, on average, about 20,000 samples per year into the CODIS database.



CODIS Database Samples Uploaded Annually

•Background on the MSP CODIS Unit cont.

- Areas for improvement
 - Cost per sample to run with PowerPlex[®] Fusion
 - •\$21.50 using the standard 25uL (1) amplification volume
 - •\$8.60 using a reduced amplification volume (10uL)
 - Approximate yearly saving of \$208,673.63!
 - Processing time
 - Current high throughput process is about 14.5-15
 hours
 - High throughput process in validation is about 7.5-8
 hours

•Background on the MSP CODIS Unit cont.

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Pre-Validation Summary cont.

- Thermal cycling parameters (using max ramp speed)
 - Initial Hold-
 - 96° C for 1 min
 - Cycles (25, 26 or 29)
 - 94° C for 10sec
 - 59° C for 1 min
 - 72° C for 30sec
 - Soak
 - 60° C for 40min
 - 4° C for ∞
- Post-PCR conditions
 - 10uL HiDi formamide and 1uL ILS 500 per sample
 - 1uL allelic ladder
 - Injection times on the 3500 Genetic Analyzer
 - 10sec- primary injection time
 - 6sec-oversaturated samples
 - 18sec- samples with low RFUs

Validation: Detection Thresholds

Results- Analytical Threshold (AT)

	Analytical Threshold (AT) Calculations using 26 cycles (19 positives analyzed)						
Dye Color	Average (RFUs)	Standard Deviation	# Data Points	3x stdev (LOD)	Adjusted Average (3x RFUs)	10x stdev (LOQ)	Adjusted Average (10x RFUs)
Blue	5	7.23	5536	22	27	72	77
Green	8	6.20	5675	19	27	62	70
Yellow	11	7.81	6188	23	34	78	89
Red	12	7.29	6433	22	34	73	85
	About 100 REUs, 1.5x 100 =150, Use 150 f			Use 150 for AT			

Results- Peak declaration in Orange Dye channel

Peak Threshold calculations for ILS (Orange dye channel)- 25 and 26 cycle						
Average Height				Method 1 (LOD)	Method 4 (LOQ)	# Data
(RFUs)	Standard Deviation	3x stdev	10x stdev	(RFUs)	(RFUs)	Points
3	4	11	35	14	38	7362

About 40 RFUs. 1.5x 40 =60. Use 60 as peak cut-off value for ILS (Orange dye channel)

Validation: Detection Thresholds

Results- Stochastic Threshold (ST)

a i i i	5- • • • 1	Statistical Threshold (ST) Determination					
Cycle Number	[DNA]	Sample Name	Marker	Allele 1	Allele 2	Height 1	Height 2
-	0.5	2800M-0.5ng-Rep1-10uL-25cycle	D12S391	18	18	159	159
	0.3	2800M-0.3ng-Rep2-10uL-25cycle	D12S391	18	18	157	157
		2800M-0.2ng-Rep1-10uL-25cycle	D13S317	9	9	159	159
		2800M-0.2ng-Rep1-10uL-25cycle	D1S1656	13	13	168	168
		2800M-0.2ng-Rep1-10uL-25cycle	Penta D	12	12	155	155
	0.2	2800M-0.2ng-Rep2-10uL-25cycle	D10S1248	15	15	178	178
	0.2	2800M-0.2ng-Rep2-10uL-25cycle	D13S317	9	9	180	180
25		2800M-0.2ng-Rep2-10uL-25cycle	D2S441	14	14	170	170
25		2800M-0.2ng-Rep2-10uL-25cycle	FGA	20	20	163	163
		2800M-0.2ng-Rep2-10uL-25cycle	Penta E	7	7	169	169
	0.15	2800M-0.15ng-Rep1-10uL-25cycle	D1S1656	12	12	164	164
		2800M-0.15ng-Rep1-10uL-25cycle	Penta D	13	13	173	173
		2800M-0.15ng-Rep2-10uL-25cycle	D1S1656	12	12	164	164
		2800M-0.15ng-Rep2-10uL-25cycle	D2S441	14	14	169	169
		2800M-0.15ng-Rep2-10uL-25cycle	FGA	20	20	168	168
		2800M-0.15ng-Rep2-10uL-25cycle	Penta E	7	7	161	161
26	0.2	2800M-0.2ng-Rep1-10uL-26cycle	D12S391	23	23	159	159
	0.1	2800M-0.1ng-Rep3-10uL-26cycle	D2S1338	25	25	195	195
		2800M-0.1ng-Rep1-10uL-26cycle	D8S1179	14	14	170	170
			highest peak	is 195 (abo	out 200). 1.5 300	5X 200 = 300.	ST will be

Validation: Reproducibility and Precision

- Goal
 - Determine the reproducibility and precision
- Method
 - 16 allelic ladders (pooled from the other validation tests) were examined at each locus for consistency.
 - The average for each allele at each locus, as well as the standard deviation, was calculated then compared to 12 real samples and controls (pooled from real sample testing) to determine percent size difference for the given alleles.

•Validation: Reproducibility and Precision

- Results
 - Reproducibility
 - 5872 data points were examined in the allelic ladder calculations.
 - The maximum standard deviation was 0.09 at Penta D, allele 16
 - The minimum standard deviation was 0.02 at various loci and alleles.
 - Precision
 - 576 data points were examined in the comparison
 - The minimum percent size difference was 0% at various loci and alleles.
 - The maximum percent size difference was 28.5% at D12S391, allele 22
 - Corresponded to a base pair (bp) size difference of 0.479.
- Conclusion
 - The data from the allelic ladder calculations demonstrate that the Powerplex® Fusion amplification kit is reproducible.
 - When compared to real samples and controls it also demonstrates that the precision falls within the acceptable range of 0.5 bp.

Validation: Sensitivity

Results

- Punch Protocol
 - Initial Testing:
 - The 10 second and 18 second injection times @25 cycle both experienced allelic dropout at 0.5ng.
 - The 10 second and 18 second injection times @26 cycle both experienced allelic dropout at 0.1 ng.
 - Expanded Testing:
 - 25 cycle
 - The 6 second injection time experienced allelic dropout at 0.5ng.
 - The 10 second injection time experienced allelic dropout at 0.2ng.
 - The 18* second injection time experienced allelic dropout at 0.5ng.
 - 26 cycle
 - The 6 second injection time experienced allelic dropout at 0.4ng.
 - The 10 second injection time experienced allelic dropout at 0.1 ng.
 - The 18 second injection time experienced allelic dropout at 0.2ng.
- Manual Extraction Protocol
 - The 6, 10 and 18 second injection times did not experience allelic dropout at any of the theoretical DNA concentrations tested.
 - Correct profiles were obtained above the minimum RFU threshold for all samples tested.

Validation: Sensitivity

Conclusion

- Punch Protocol
 - •The 25 cycle protocol had the ability to detect at least 0.3ng of DNA.
 - •The 26 cycle protocol had the ability to detect at least 0.15ng of DNA.
 - 26 cycles will be used as the main amplification protocol for the high throughput sample processing.
 - The 25 cycle protocol should be reserved for samples that experienced oversaturation.
- Manual Extraction Protocol
 - •The 29 cycle protocol was able to detect at least 0.1ng of DNA

Validation: Contamination Assessment

Method Contamina
 Lists

Laboratory Substances
Inhibitor Type
Bleach (BL)
TE ⁻⁴ (TE)
Envirocide (EN)
Fingerprint Ink (INK)

Ingestible Substances Labeling Nomenclature					
Inhibitor Type	ID Number	Sub-category			
		P= Purple			
	1= Freeze Pops	G= Green			
		B= Blue			
		R= Red			
		Y= Yellow			
		O= Orange			
Food Dyes (FD)		RW= Red			
rood byes (rb)	12= Hard Candy Lollipops- Brand 1	Watermelon			
		P= Purple			
		RC= Red Cherry			
		G= Green			
		RS= Red Strawberry			
	13= Hard Candy	B= Blue			
	Lollipops- Brand 2	BR= Brown Root beer			
	2= Cookie	G= Golden			
Sugar (SG)	Sandwiches	C= Chocolate			
30gui (30)	3= Chocolate (solid				
	candy)				
	4= Cheese coated				
	snack				
Salt (ST)	5= Sports drink	Y= Yellow			
		W= White			
	6= Sunflower Seeds				
	7= Coffee				
Caffeine (CF)	8= Tea				
Drogth frochonors (DE)	9= Breath mint				
Breath fresheners (BF)	10= Mouth wash				

Validation: Contamination Assessment

- Results- Part 1- Ingestible Substances
 - Food Dyes: 5 samples failed to generate a complete profile
 - On average, FD12RS and FD1R generated lower RFUS
 - FDY and FD1P, on average, generated normal to higher RFUs
 - In addition, FD12P, FD12RC and FD13BR generated lower RFUs, but obtained complete profiles

Ingestible Substances Labeling Nomenclature				
Inhibitor Type	ID Number	Sub-category		
		P= Purple		
		G= Green		
	1 F D	B= Blue		
	1= Freeze Pops	R= Red		
		Y= Yellow		
		O= Orange		
		RW= Red Watermelon		
	12= Hard Candy Lollipops- Brand 1	P= Purple		
Food Dyes (FD)		RC= Red		
		Cherry		
	Lompops Drata I	G= Green		
		RS= Red		
		Strawberry		
		B= Blue		
	13= Hard Candy	BR= Brown		
	Lollipops- Brand 2	Root beer		

Final Thoughts

- Powerplex® Fusion was found to be
 - Reliable and Precise with-in a 0.5bp window
 - Sensitive to 0.15ng and 0.1ng (punched and manually extracted samples respectively)
 - Real samples were consistent with prior allele calls
 - Only exceptions included AI's and the D8 locus in one sample
 - Contaminates, overall, did not pose a problem for profile generation
 - Only contaminate type with severe inhibition was the cheese coated snack.
- This new processing work flow and amplification kit should decrease the amount of sample processing time to about 8 hours.