

NIJ CONFERENCE, 2012

Boston University, Biomedical Forensic Sciences DNA Mixture Analysis Training Tool

Funded by:

NIJ Forensic Science Training Development and Delivery Program NIJ Grant # 2008-DN-BX-K158, awarded to Biomedical Forensic Science Program at Boston University School of Medicine





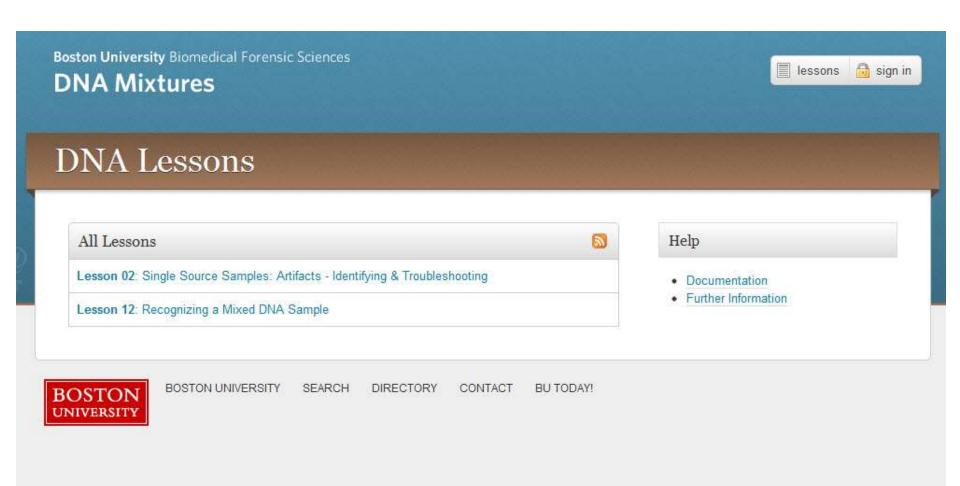
DNA Mixture Analysis Training Tool-Profiles

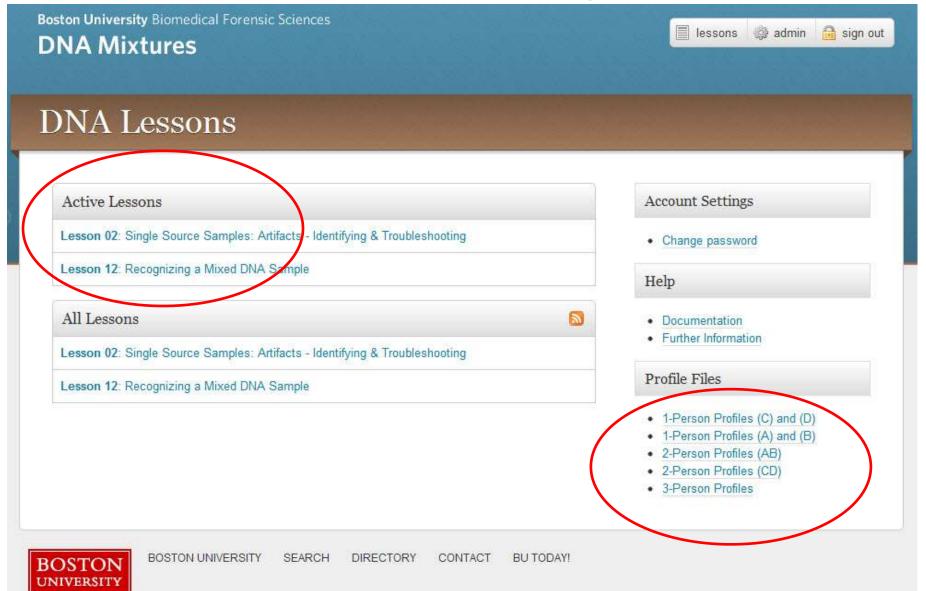
- Profiles
 - Single source
 - Two person
 - Three person
 - Four person
- Varying amounts
 - 0.625 to 4ng
- Ratio of contributors varies in both directions

- Amplification kits
 - PowerPlex 16
 - Identifiler
 - Yfiler
 - Minifiler
- Three injection times
- 930 samples amplified
- 2790 profiles

- Lessons on basic features of DNA profiles that impact mixture analysis
- Profiles in lessons can be viewed and compared and enlarged
- User can save their notes and answers

 All website profiles with corresponding ladders and controls can be downloaded as .fsa files for use in training or other purposes





Boston University Biomedical Forensic Sciences

DNA Mixtures



Lesson 12

Recognizing a Mixed DNA Sample

Introduction	Single Source or Mixture? - The Beginning of Mixture Interpretation						Single Source or Mixture? - Confounding Factors				
Tri-alleles and tri-allelic loci		Elevated stutter peak		Artifacts	tifacts Contamin		Drop-in allele		Primer binding site mutations		Drop-out
Preferential amplification		Degradation	Problem S	Set 1 Pro	Problem Set 2		Problem Set 3		em Set 4	Problem Set 5	
Additional Que	stions Re	ferences									

Introduction

This lesson presents the various indicators for determining that a DNA profile contains a mixture of DNA from two or more individuals. Factors affecting the determination that a sample contains a mixture of DNA will be presented including information regarding tri-alleles and tri-allelic loci.

Next section »



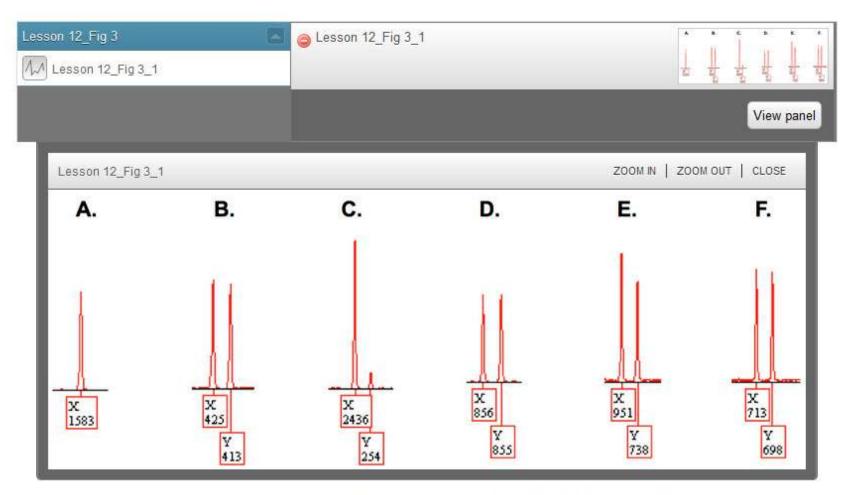


Figure 3. The amelogenin profile from: (A) a female DNA donor; (B) a male DNA donor; (C) DNA from a female donor and a male donor mixed in a ratio of 4:1 (female to male); (D) DNA from a female donor and a male donor mixed in a 1:19 ratio where the amount of DNA from the male donor far exceeds the amount of DNA from the female donor; (E) DNA from two male donors in a two person mixture (from the profile shown in Figure 1); and (F) DNA from three male donors.



Figure 1. The profile from a two person mixed DNA sample amplified with the Identifiler kit and injected for 2 seconds is shown. Multiple alleles present at many loci clearly indicate the presence of a mixture.

The profile shown in Figure 1 contains a mixture of DNA from two males mixed at a 4:1 ratio and amplified with the Identifiler kit. The presence of four alleles at the D8S1179 locus and three alleles at the D21S11, D7S820, and CSF1PO loci in the first row of the profile clearly indicates the presence of a mixture of DNA. Additional three allele loci (e.g., D3S1358, D13S317, D16S539, D2S1338, D19S433, vWA, D5S818, and FGA) and another four allele locus (D18S51) are consistent with this conclusion.

In addition to the multiple alleles, peak height imbalance is also present at all of the loci in the profile shown in Figure 1. As discussed in Lesson 1, heterozygous alleles in a single source profile are expected to be present in equal amounts and therefore have approximately the same peak heights (or peak areas); however, some variation due to the technical limitations of testing is routinely observed. As seen in Figure 2 below, the peak height imbalance at the TPOX locus, which has only two alleles with a ratio of 0.22 or 22% (i.e., 506 RFU/2333 RFU), indicates the presence of a mixture of DNA. The peak height ratio at the TH01 locus, which is the only other locus with just two alleles in this mixture, is 0.67 or 67% (i.e., 788/1178). Although the TH01 locus data alone may be insufficient to determine that a mixture is present, the data support the conclusion of a mixture determined using the other loci.

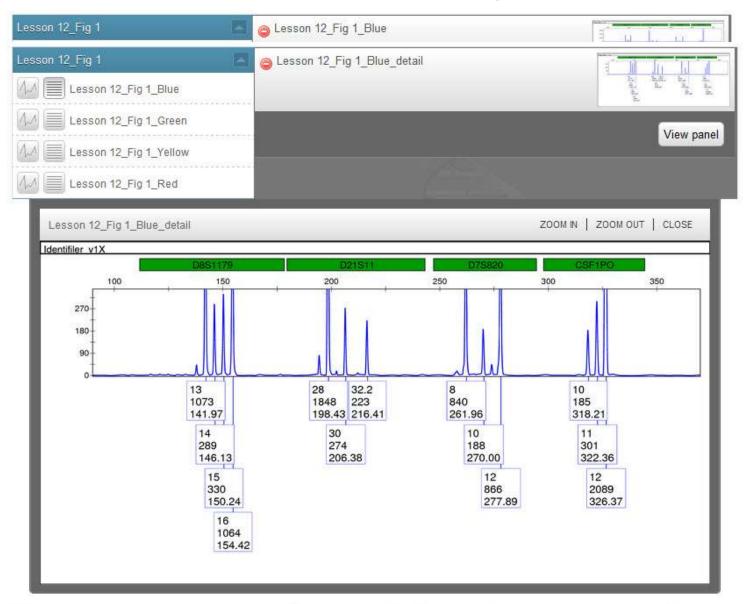


Figure 1. The profile from a two person mixed DNA sample amplified with the Identifiler kit and injected for 2 seconds is shown. Multiple alleles present at many loci clearly indicate the presence of a mixture.

Problem Set 3

Question 1:

Based on the information presented, does this DNA profile contain a mixture of DNA?



Student Responses





Will announce launch this fall on STRBase

Thank you *NIJ* and all the contributors to the project